



NNSA
National Nuclear Security Administration

M3
MATERIAL MANAGEMENT
AND MINIMIZATION
CONVERT, REMOVE, DISPOSE



National Nuclear Security
Administration (NNSA)

Defense Nuclear
Nonproliferation (DNN)

U.S. High Performance Research Reactor (USHPRR) Project RERTR Meeting: Oct. 3-5, 2022

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- What they are,
 - Review previously shared information (2022 Stake Holders mtg)
 - Cover some examples and relevant ideas
- How to use them,
 - Review requirements and solution set structure
 - Status where we are and what the Team has accomplished
 - Look into some of these related details
- Why use them,
 - Review the capabilities and using a critical characteristics
 - Establish advantages and benefits
 - Communication paths and feedback loops

Standard vs Critical Characteristics (review)

The FF Pillar is tasked to help deliver capable fabrication processes and methods,



All drawing requirements & specifications must be satisfied

Standard Requirements:

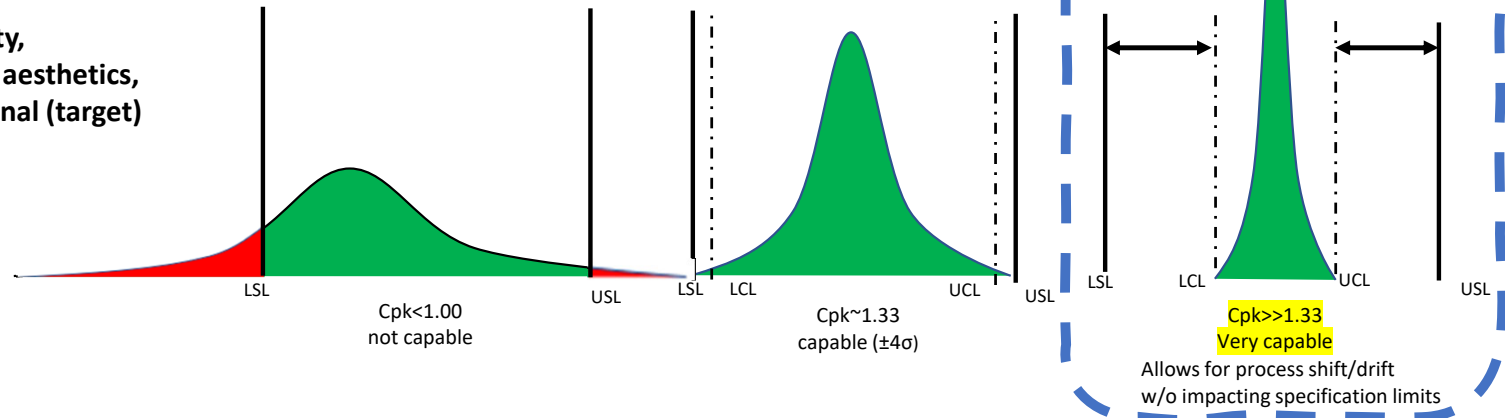
End user perceives all parts equivalently w/in specification limits



LSL/USL: lower & upper specification limits
LCL/UCL: lower & upper process control limits
(by using **LCL/UCL, Statistical Process Control limits** - the customer is protected from a non-compliance, these limits provide a buffer against variables present w/in the process)

Critical Requirements:

End user can perceive better safety, performance, function, durability, aesthetics, when consistently closer to nominal (target)



Critical Characteristics (review)

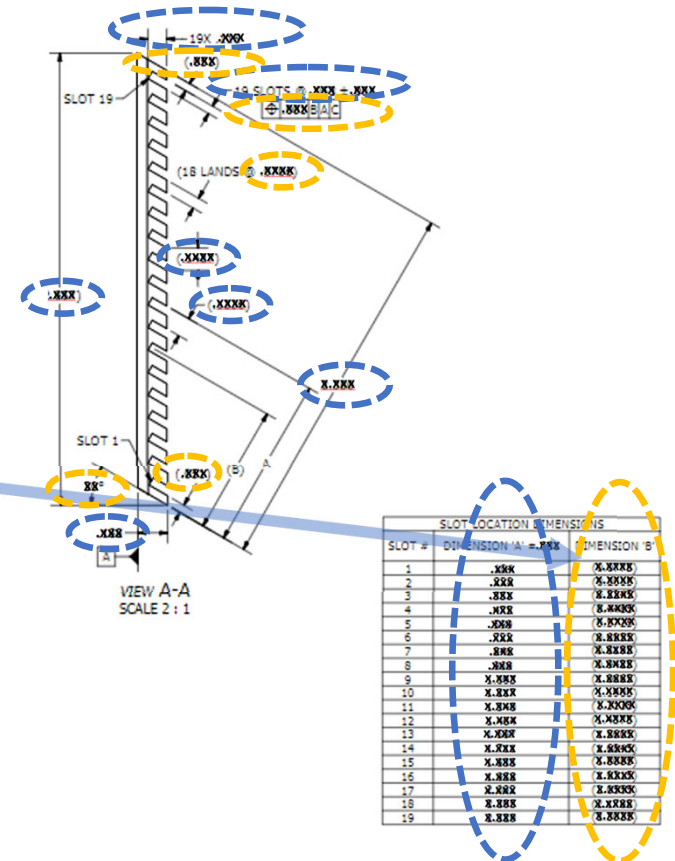
Product designs can have **many** requirements & specifications



-For this portion of a side plate drawing, count indicates there are 139 dimensional call outs for just this part of the drawing

79 require dimensional compliance, 19 of which are GD&T requirements
60 are (for reference only) – no compliance required

SIDE PLATE DRAWING REQUIREMENTS



Important to Note -- this drawing has evolved this way over time

How would a maker know which requirements are important to Safety/Function/Performance/Durability?

-there is no way to tell, other than, 79 of 139 require compliance **and** this four decimal, B dim seems important, but its (ref.) also

If we were to use a CC approach

-most - Standard Characteristics ⊖ (for example purposes only)

-some - Critical Characteristics ⊖ (for example purposes only)

-merit increased significance in a Customer oriented perspective

-Safety/Function/Performance/Durability



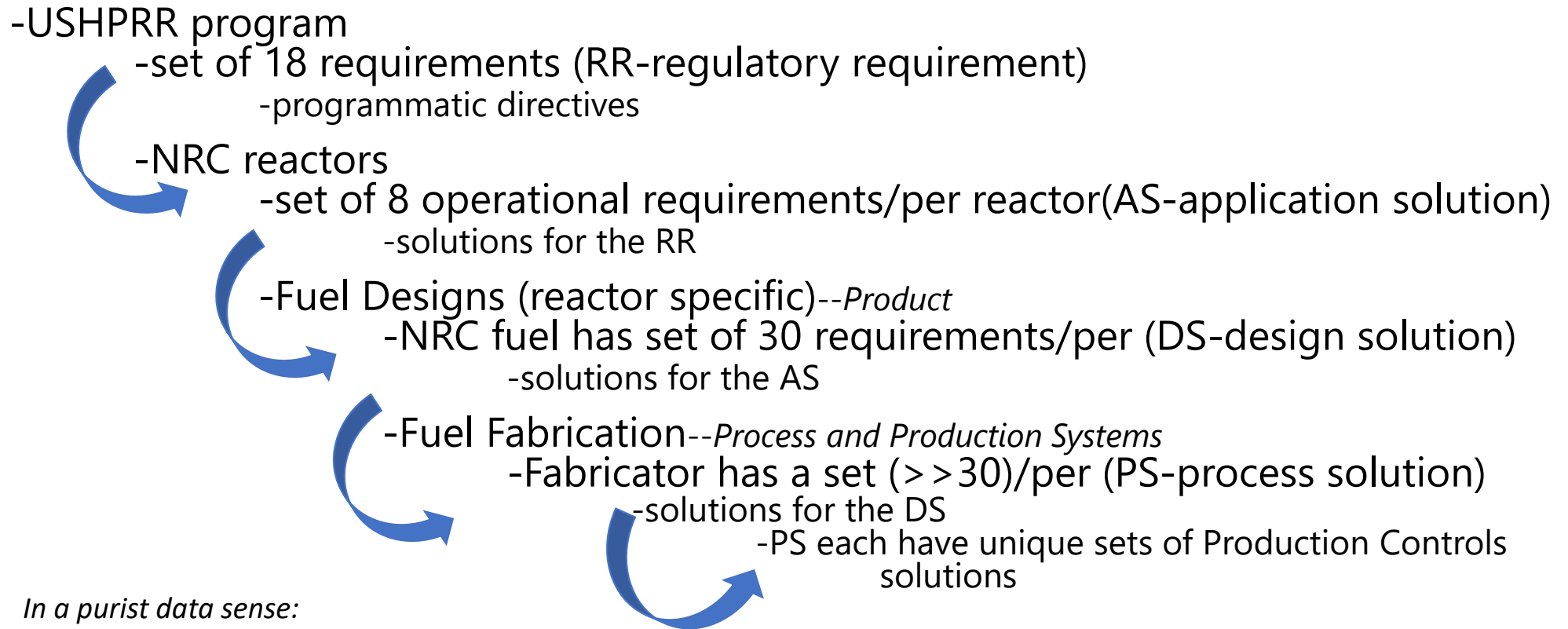
Critical Fuel Product Characteristics

★ -Drs. Wilson & Stillman and the entire RC Pillar team ★

- ✓ - NUREG requirements
- ✓ - USHPRR program: 18 requirements
- ✓ - MITR Operational Requirements
- ✓ - MURR Operational Requirements
- ✓ - NBSR Operational Requirements

NRC Reactor Critical Characteristics

(how this system works)



In a purist data sense:

$18 \times (8 \times 3) \times (30 \times 3) \times (30 \times 3)$

~3.5M data pts that need some level of managing

Requirements Traceability

NRC Fuel Design Solutions (product critical characteristics)



Design Solution/Critical Product Characteristic	
<i>DS1</i>	AA6061 Composition
<i>DS2 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Cladding Thickness (bulk minclad)
<i>DS3 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Cladding Thickness (point minclad)
<i>DS4</i>	Cladding-Cladding Bond Integrity
<i>DS5</i>	Fuel EBC and Impurities
<i>DS6 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Fuel Homogeneity
<i>DS7 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Fuel Homogeneity
<i>DS8 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Fuel Homogeneity
<i>DS9</i>	Fuel-Cladding Bond Integrity
<i>DS10</i>	Mo Content in U-10Mo
<i>DS11 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Plate Thickness
<i>DS12 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Plate U-235 Loading
<i>DS13 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Scratch depth
<i>DS14</i>	Uranium Enrichment
<i>DS15</i>	Zirconium Composition
<i>DS16</i>	Zirconium Thickness

16 Fuel Critical Characteristics

Design Solution/Critical Product Characteristic	
<i>DS17</i>	
<i>DS18 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Coolant Channel Thickness
<i>DS19 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Element U235 Loading
<i>DS20 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Nominal Fuel Element Geometry
<i>DS21 (Reactor Specific)</i>	External Fuel Element Cross-sectional Dimension
<i>DS22 (Reactor Specific)</i>	End Fitting Shoulder Fit
<i>DS23 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Fuel Element Fit
<i>DS24 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Outside Coolant Channel Thickness
<i>DS25 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Distance between upper end adapter window and lower end fitting shoulder
<i>DS26 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Inner Roller Position
<i>DS27 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Outer Roller Position
<i>DS28 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Length from center of end fitting to inside edge of end fitting tab
<i>DS29 (Reactor Specific)</i>	Width from center of end fitting to outer edge of end fitting
<i>DS30 ((Reactor Specific)</i>	Width from side plate to inside edge of end fitting tab

13 Element & Upper Level Assy CC

CC will help reduce LEU ICR/NCR

Utilize HEU fuel data as insight into eliminating these reactor and fabricator processing costs for LEU



ICR Data Assoc. w/XXXX 2013-2018

Quantity of ICRs	Quantity associated w/ ICRs	Category	Qty: Rejected	Qty: Use as Is	Qty: On Hold (at date of data compilation (~2020))
7	46	end cap dimensionals	0	46	0
8	13	channel gap	1	11	1
1	9	testing error	0	9	0
1	1	data error	0	1	0
3	8	side plate groove	0	8	0
1	1	Fuel surface defects	1	0	0
2	2	min clad thickness	0	1	1
2	2	ID Location dimensional	0	2	0

This data appears to indicate that for this reactor, the assy and element components are more difficult for the manufacturer than the fuel

What is allowing this many to occur??

- why only 7/1,483 pcs rejected or on hold?
- what was learned and “fixed” from the 1,476 deemed “Use-As-Is”?
- which were critical to Safety/Function/Performance/Durability?
- Critical Characteristics can help with this!!

ICR Data Assoc. w/XXXX 2011-2021

Quantity ICRs	Quantity associated w/ ICRs	Category	Qty: Rejected	Qty: Use as Is	Qty: On Hold
1	2	Contamination Fuel Issue	1	1	0
8	12	Damage/Defect Fuel	0	12	0
18	606	Process/Procedure Fuel Issue	3	603	0
3	6	Damage/Defect Element Assy	0	6	0
3	7	Dimensional Element Assy Issue	0	7	0
14	44	Process/Procedure Element Assy Issue	0	44	0
10	624	Dimensional Element Component Issue	0	624	0
1	100	Process/Procedure Element Component Issue	0	100	0

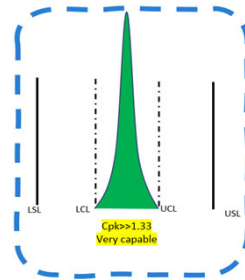
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Similarly, this data appears to indicate that for this reactor, processing issues exist for both the fuel and element components

Critical Characteristics, Summary

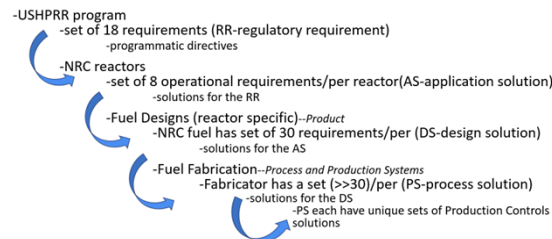


- what they are,
 - standard vs critical



Enhance processing from just meeting specifications to customer focused, statistically capable processing where it matters the most

- how to use them,
 - establish requirement visibility
 - provide accountability using database insight and speed



- why use them,
 - enhance customer focus,
 - enhance end-product quality
 - improve manufacturability, efficiency, costs and through-put
 - reduce scrap, waste, ICRs/NCRs
 - **improve communication between customer, design, manufacturing teams**